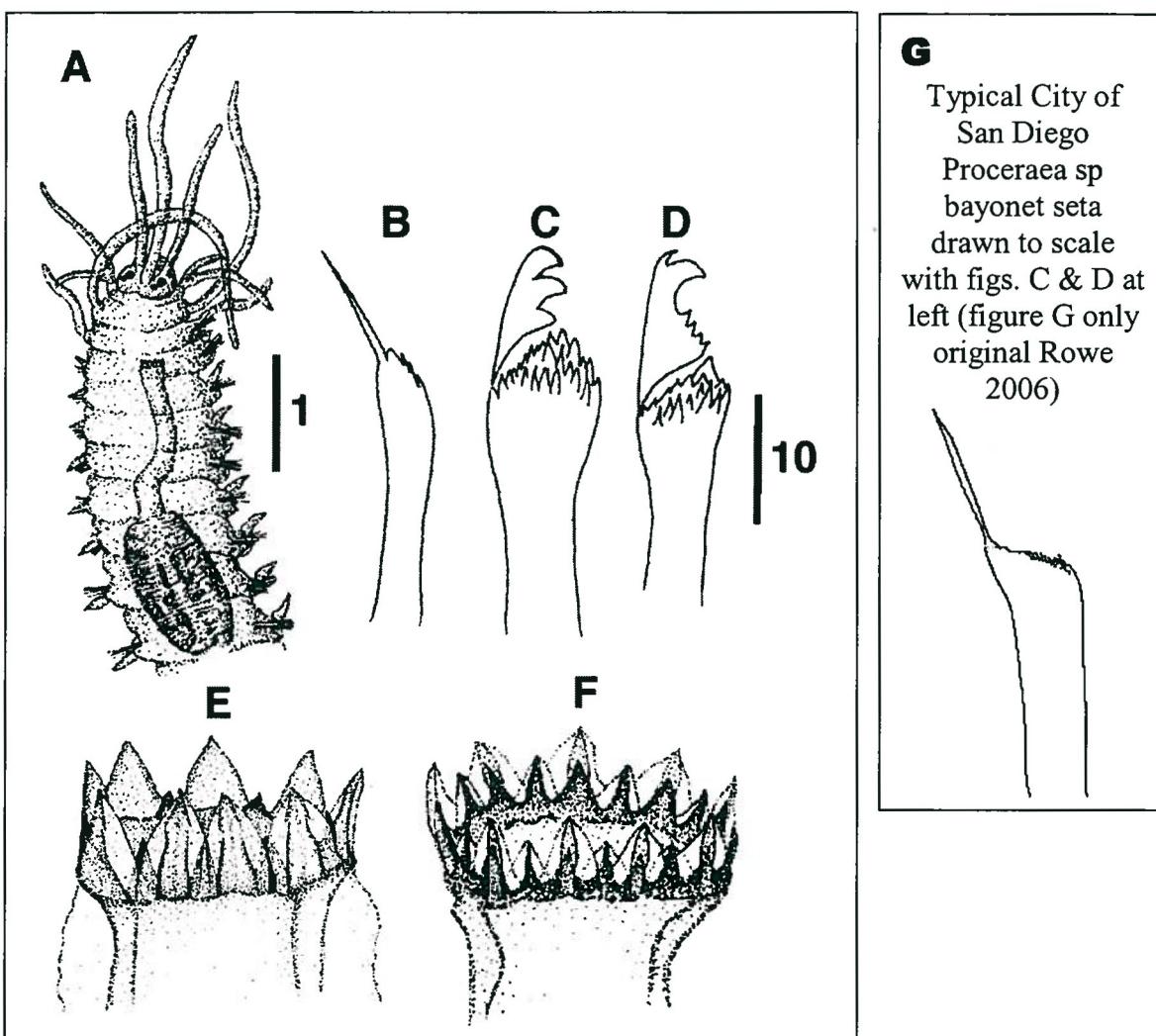


Proceraea sp

Family Syllidae



Proceraea spp. A.- anterior end (dorsal view). B.- Bayonet simple chaetae. C.- Middle and posterior compound chaetae. D.- Anterior compound chaetae. E.- Trepan of *P. picta*. F.- Trepan of *P. aurantiaca*. Scale bars in microns.

Figures A-F from: <http://www.ceab.csic.es/~dani/Proceraea.jpg> Published as: Martin, D., 1987. - Polychaetous annelids associated to coraline algae aggregates of the Catalan littoral shores [In Spanish]. *Misc. Zool.*, 11: 135- 156.
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1. no ventral cirri
2. numerous short bladed falcigers
3. antennae and dorsal cirri not moniliform
4. bayonet setae (see B above) have shafts that are of **similar thickness** as the shafts of the compound falcigers . Bayonet setae are most easily found in the posterior third of the specimen. *Autolytus* sp has shafts of bayonet setae much thinner than the shafts of the compound falcigers.

City of San Diego convention is to identify the Autolytinae Syllidae (*Autolytus* and *Proceraea*) to genus only.