May 22, 1995

Voucher By: T. Parker

SYNONYMYE

Eumida sp. 1 of Hamilton 1976

LITERATURE: Hamilton's SCCWRP Taxonomic Handouts(Fumida sp. 1-5)

SCAMIT Newsletter, Vol. 6, No. 8, 1987

Pleijel 1990 Pleijel 1991

Eibye-Jacobsen 1991

Pleijel 1993

SCAMIT Taxonomic List 1994

Blake and Hilbig 1994

Not Fauchald 1977 (as Eumida bifoliata)

DIAGNOSTIC CHARACTERS:

1. Less than 8mm long, commonly 3-5mm entire. Width to 0.75mm sans parapodia.

- 2. Prostomium rounded with 4 terminal antennae, less than length of prostomium.

 Medial antennae inserted between eyes, extends sometimes beyond segment 1 to segment 3.
- 3. When everted, pharynx walls smooth or wrinkled without papillae. Ring of papillae on distal end only.
- Four pairs of tentacular cirriform cirri extended to segments 6-7.
- 5. Superior neuropodial lobe is prolonged or digitate and is a diagnostic character for the genus.
- 6. Dorsal cirri variable, but typically longer than broad. May be moderately cordiform or approaching lanceolate condition.
- 7. Setae typically extend well beyond (>.5 x setal length) most distal margin of dorsal cirri.
- 8. Pigment spots on dorsum most dense at lateral margins of body wall and centrally on many segments. This pattern resembles 3 longitudinal lines. Prostomium and segments 1–2 may be diffusely speckled.

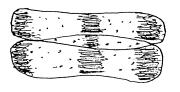
RELATED SPECIES AND CHARACTER DIFFERENCES:

Species of *Fumida* lack the digitate superior neuropodial lobe that is diagnostic for *Sige.*

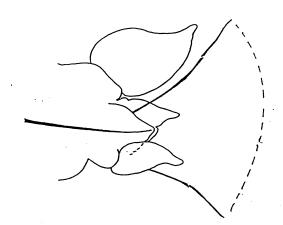
DISTRIBUTION: Throughout Southern California in 30-305 M.



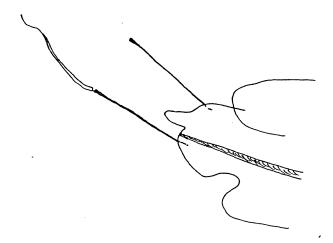
prostomium LACSD-T50



dorsal pigmentation LACSD-T5D



parapodial lobes w 🍂 cirri anterior view,seg #13 LACSD-T5D



w/∂ parapodial lobes w/cirri posterior view,seg. #~18 LACSD-T50