May 22, 1995

Voucher By: T. Parker

SYNONYMY:

Fumida sp. 5 of Hamilton 1976

LITERATURE: Hamilton's SCCWRP Taxonomic Standardization Handouts(Fumida sp. 1-5)

SCAMIT Newsletter, Vol. 6, No. 8, 1987

Pleijel 1990 Pleijel 1991

Eibye-Jacobsen 1991

Pleijel 1993

SCAMIT Taxonomic List 1994

Blake and Hilbig 1994

DIAGNOSTIC CHARACTERS:

1. Length 12mm incomplete. Width 1.5mm sans parapodia.

- 2. Prostomium rounded with 4 thick based terminal antennae, each nearly as long as prostomium. Medial antennae also thick based and extends to at least segment 2. Medial antennae insertion well forward of eyes, nears anterior end of prostomium. Prostomium appears divided into 4 plates or regions, each triangular in shape. Center anterior plate with median antennae. Both lateral plates inflated and with posteriorly placed eyespots. Central posterior plate situated between eyes and finely speckled.
- 3. Eyes may be large and dense, may occupy lateral pale areas seen in this specimen.
- 3. 4 pairs of thick tentacular cirri with foliose extension on ventral margin of ventral cirri. Cirri extend to segment 3 or 4.
- 4. Pharunx missing.
- Large thin dorsal cirri with broad base, extended margins, and fine tip.
- 6. Ventral cirri missing.
- 7. Knobbed aciculum extended from parapodia.
- 8. Dorsum pigmented heavily across each segment and intersegmental area, fading to pale at lateral margins of dorsum.

RELATED SPECIES AND CHARACTER DIFFERENCES:

Close to *Pterocirrus macroceros*

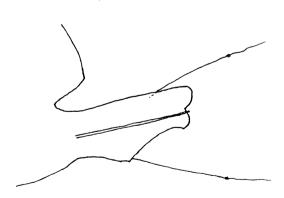
DISTRIBUTION: Palos Verdes amidst *Salmocina* in 23M. Also in rocky habitats with algae.



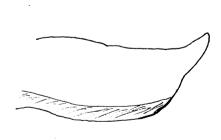
Prostomium LACSD-TO-75



Parapodial aciculum LACSD-TO-75



Parapodial lobes anterior view, seg #45 w/o cirri LACSD-To-75



Second ventral tentacular cirri LACSD-TO-75